

SSID Sprawl to Simplicity: Leveraging NAC for Secure and Scalable Network Access



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	4
Typical Corporate Environment	4
Why Does It Matter	5
How a NAC can help in SSIDs Consolidation	5
SSID Names	8
SSID 1 - CWNE-Dot1X	8
Employee connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID	10
BYOD user connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID	13
Contractor connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID	17
SSID 2 - CWNE-Guest	21
Guest user connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID	22
BYOD user connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID to onboard their device	30
Network admin connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID to create unique	
PSK for a specific device	35
SSID 3 - CWNE-MPSK	36
Device 1 connecting to CWNE-MPSK SSID	37
Device 2 connecting to CWNE-MPSK SSID	40
References	43

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1- Lab Topology	6
Figure 2 - SSIDs Requirement for a Typical Enterprise	7
Figure 3 - Proposed SSIDs Consolidation	7
Figure 4 – 802.1X Authentication Roles	9
Figure 5 – ClearPass Enforcement Policy for CWNE-802.1X SSID	9
Figure 6 – MPSK SSID in operation	31

Table 1 - SSID Names	. 8
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INTRODUCTION

With Apple introducing Wi-Fi (802.11b) on their iBook devices in 1999, mass adoption of Wi-Fi began. Next few years saw more and more Wi-Fi capable devices rolling out in the market and new Wi-Fi standards ratified. Fast forward ten years, i.e. 2009, Wi-Fi had become the primary medium of network connectivity for corporate and personal devices and was able to support much higher data rates (up to 600 Mbps with 802.11n as compared to up to 11 Mbps with 802.11b). As Wi-Fi took over wired connectivity as a primary medium for LAN connectivity, the number of devices and bandwidth hunger to cater different applications' requirements also kept on increasing, resulting in higher spectrum utilization for the 2.4 and 5Ghz frequency bands (expect to see similar trend on 6Ghz as more Wi-Fi 6E and Wi-Fi 7 capable devices being rolled out). Because Wi-Fi operates in unlicensed spectrum, it is accessible to all users, which makes it essential to carefully design and plan deployments to keep the spectrum as free from interference as possible.

Typical Corporate Environment

Corporate environments are complex and typically have multiple use cases for the WLAN networks to cater different business requirements. A typical corporate office will expect their wireless network to cover following use-cases:

- Provide secure connectivity for the corporate employees
- Allows contractors to connect to the wireless network and have internet and restricted corporate network access
- Allows guest users to connect to the wireless network
- Provides an option for users to bring their own devices (BYOD) and connect them to the network
- Pre-shared key secured SSID to connect things like printers and VoIP phones
- Allows headless and IoT devices to connect to the network
- Few other use cases that will vary from organization to organization

This essentially means a poorly designed Wi-Fi network would have a separate SSID that would be covering each of the use cases. Looking at the example above, there would be 5-6 separate SSIDs configured, if the Wi-Fi network design is not properly thought for and designed.

Why Does It Matter

The efficient design for Service Set Identifiers (SSIDs) play a pivotal role in delivering optimal network performance, security and user experience. Every SSID being broadcasted by an access point generates periodic management frames (such as beacon frames) that consume airtime. These frames are necessary for announcing the presence of the SSID but do not carry useful data for the user. In environments with many SSIDs, especially in high-density deployments, these frames multiply across each AP and every channel, leading to increased contention, congestion, and lower throughput. For instance, broadcasting five SSIDs (as per the requirements above) instead of one can consume up to five times more overhead airtime per access point, resulting in a noticeable performance degradation across the wireless network. While using one SSID to cater all use cases may not be possible, the aim should be to keep the number of SSIDs as minimum as practical.

How a NAC can help in SSIDs Consolidation

Network Access Control (NAC) can play an important role in SSIDs consolidation by enabling dynamic and policy-based network access, reducing the need for multiple SSIDs for different user groups, devices and access levels. Be leveraging a NAC, enterprises can achieve:

- Centralized Authentication and Authorization
- Dynamic VLAN/User role assignment
- Ongoing Posture assessment and compliance of end points
- Reduced operations overhead

While most of the enterprise NACs available (Aruba ClearPass, Cisco ISE, FortiNAC, Forescout NAC, etc) can be used to demonstrate effectiveness of NAC to consolidate SSIDs, I am using Aruba ClearPass for this document. The diagram below shows the topology used for testing and documentation:



Figure 1- Lab Topology

Referring back to the typical enterprise use-cases, if a dedicated SSID is used to cater each of the use-cases, a total of 6 SSIDs will be required. As previously mentioned, that can have a huge impact of airtime utilization and network performance:

SSID	DESCRIPTION
SSID 1	Ensure secure network access for corporate employees
SSID 2	Enable contractors to connect to the wireless network with internet access and limited access to corporate resources
SSID 3	Support guest user connectivity to the wireless network.
SSID 4	Facilitate Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) capili- lities, allowing users to securely connect personal
SSID 5	Offer a pre-shared key (PSK) secured SSID for connecting non-user devices sucha printers.
SSID 6	Permit headless and IoT devices to access the network securely

Figure 2 - SSIDs Requirement for a Typical Enterprise

First step to consolidate the SSIDs is to plan how are we going to cover multiple use-cases with one SSID. Without a magic wand, we cannot cover all use-cases with a single SSID, but we can fulfil multiple use-cases with one SSID to ultimately reduce the number of SSIDs required to cater all use-cases.

SSID	DESCRIPTION
SSID 1	To connect corporate users, BYOD users and contractors
SSID 2	To allow guest users connect to the Wi-Fi network and allow BYOD users to onboard their devices
SSID 3	To connect non-user devices and IoT devices while keeping segregation between different device types

Figure 3 - Proposed SSIDs Consolidation

SSID Names

To make the SSIDs distinguishable, following SSID names have been used:

SSID	SSID Name	Access Requirements
SSID 1	CWNE-Dot1X	Corporate Resources and Internet
SSID 2	CWNE-Guest	Internet only
SSID 3	CWNE-MPSK	Selected Corporate Resources and Internet

Table 1 - SSID Names

SSID 1 - CWNE-Dot1X

CWNE-Dot1X SSID has been configured to connect following users to the Wi-Fi network:

- Corporate users having corporate devices that have user certificates issued from the organization CA and have WLAN profile/settings pushed via GPO/Endpoint Manager
- BYOD users brining their personal devices and connect to the network. The users connecting for the first time to the network do not have any certificate or WLAN profile configured and needs to "onboard" their personal devices before they can connect to the network
- Contractors third party users and contractors that will have local credentials created in ClearPass and will use username/password instead of machine/user certificate for authentication

The SSID has been configured to perform 802.1X authentication before allowing network access. The three main components of 802.1X authentication are:

- Supplicant (Wi-Fi clients that are being authenticated, test laptop and mobile devices in this lab topology)
- Authenticator (acting as a gatekeeper between supplicant and authentication server, i.e. Access Point this this lab topology)

 Authentication Server (performs the actual authentication checks and decides whether user or a device should be allowed network access. It is ClearPass Policy Manager in this case)



rigure 4 002.1X Authentication Roles

A service has been configured in ClearPass to distinguish between corporate and BYOD (both using EAP-TLS but corporate users will be the certificate issue from the corporate PKI while the BYOD users will have certificate issued from ClearPass Onboard Certificate authority) users based on the certificate parameters they will use to authenticate. Contractors, on the other hand will use username/password for authentication (EAP-PEAP) and will have different enforcement profile assigned as per follow snippet from the ClearPass service configuration:

		ClearPass Policy Manager		Menu
Dashboard	• The HTTPS(ECC) Server G	Certificate will expire in 12 day(s).		
Monitoring	 Configuration > Services 	» Edit - CWNE-Dot1X		
Configuration	Services - CWNE	-Dot1X		
Service Templates & Wizards	Summary Service	Authentication Authorization Roles Enforcement Profile	r	
Authentication	Use Cached Results:	Use cached Roles and Posture attributes from previous sessions		
- 🛱 Methods	Enforcement Policy:	CWNE-Dot1X-Enforcement-Policy ~	Modify Add N	ew Enforcement Polic
- 🛱 Sources		Enforcement Policy D	retalia	
Identity	Description:	End Centerr Policy B	Constant of the second s	
G Local Users	Default Brofiles	(Denv Armen Profile)		
C Endopints	Derault Prome:	[Deny Access Pronie]		
Static Host Lists	Rules Evaluation Algorith	m: first-applicable		3.
- 🛱 Roles	Conditions		Enforcement Profiles	
Role Mappings Posture Enforcement O Policies	AND (Authentication: C AND (Authentication AND (Certificate: I AND (Certificate: I AND (Tips: Role E	oucerrentino (2004) EAP-1(3) in:Source F(2044) lasseveranubademo.online) issuer-O. EQUALS Arubademo) Quals [liser Authenticated])	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - employee	
Profiles Network Q Devices Device Groups	(Authentication: C AND (Authenticati 2. AND (Certificate: I AND (Certificate: I AND (Tips: Role E	DuterMethod EQUALS EAP-TLS) Ion:Source EQUALS labsever.antbidemo.online) ssuer-CN CONTAINS ClearPass Onboard Local Cartificate Authoriky) ssuer-C EQUALS INEE Anube Networking) QUALS [User Authenticate()]	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - byod	
Proxy Targets G Event Sources Network Scan	(Authentication: 0 3. AND (Authenticati AND (Tips:Role E	DuterMethod EQUALS EAP-PEAP) ion:Source EQUALS [Local User Repository]) QUALS [User Authenticated])	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - contractor	
Policy Simulation				
	K Back to Services		Disable Copy	Save

Employee connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID

Following series of screenshots (from ClearPass and Aruba Central) captures details of a corporate client connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID and how ClearPass policy authenticates the user against on-prem AD and assigns the appropriate user role based on the parameters "computed" from user's RADIUS request. In this example, user has been assigned user role "employee":

Summary Input C	Jutput
Login Status:	ACCEPT
Session Identifier:	R00000292-01-682efbff
Date and Time:	May 22, 2025 20:27:11 AEST
End-Host Identifier:	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70 Open in Central
End-Host Profile:	-
End-Host Status:	Unknown Mark as Known
Username:	jibran
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.105
Access Device Name:	10.0.105 (CWNE-AP / Aruba)
System Posture Status:	UNKNOWN (100)
	Policies Used -
Service:	CWNE-Dot1X
Authentication Method:	EAP-TLS
Authentication Source:	AD:labserver.arubademo.online
Authorization Source:	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [Onboard Devices Repository], labserver.arubademo.online
Tips Role:	[User Authenticated]
Enforcement Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - employee
Service Monitor Mode:	Disabled
Online Status:	Not Available

ADIUS Request	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-Group	CWNE-Lab
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-MAC-Address	988f00c1f40c
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-MAC-Address	0020a6fcb070
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-Type	Win 10
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name	CWNE-Dot1X
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id	AP-755
Radius:IETF:Called-Station-Id	98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C
Radius:IETF:Calling-Station-Id	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70
Radius:IETF:Framed-MTU	1100
Radius:IETF:Location-Capable	9
Radius:IETF:NAS-Identifier	10.0.105
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Address	10.0.0.105
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port	0
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-Type	19
Radius:IETF:Service-Type	2
Radius:IETF:User-Name	jibran

Summary Input Output	
omputed Attributes	
Authentication:ErrorCode	0
Authentication:Full-Username	jibran
Authentication: MacAuth	NotApplicable
Authentication:NetBIOS-Name	ARUBADEMO
Authentication:OuterMethod	EAP-TLS
Authentication:Posture	Unknown
Authentication:Source	labserver.arubademo.online
Authentication: Status	User
Authentication:TLS-Version	1.2
Authentication: Username	jibran
Authorization:Sources	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [Ont
Certificate:Extended-Key-Usage	TLS Web Client Authentication
Certificate:Issuer-C	AU
Certificate:Issuer-CN	Arubademo
Certificate:Issuer-DN	emailAddress=Jibran@Arubademo.Online,CN=Arubade
Certificate:Issuer-emailAddress	Jibran@Arubademo.Online
Certificate:Issuer-L	Melbourne
Certificate:Issuer-O	Arubademo

Request Detai	ls		
Summary	Input	Output	
Enforcement	Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - employed	e
System Postu	ire Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
Audit Posture	Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
RADIUS Res	ponse		0
Radius:Aru	ba:Aruba-l	er-Role employee	

HPE anuba Central	Q Sea	rch for failed dients, network dev	ices, connectivity issues, di	ocumentation and more	New Central	@
Customer: Jibran						4
- 🗔 0020a6fcb070 🥥	CLIENT DETAILS	c			Actions -	• Go Live
Manage	DATA PATH					
Overview	·	CLIENT	SSD	AP	SWITCH	
Applications			(?)	>>>> (@)—	1/1/	
ð Security		IDIAN	CIMVE-DUITX	AP-755 UP	Innan-Lab-6200	
Analyze		and the second s	Second Contract of Contract	155.06		
in migue						
ጎ Live Events	CLIENT		NETWORK		CONNECTION	
수 Live Events 수 Events	CLIENT USERNAME		NETWORK VLAN	VLAN DERIVATION	CONNECTION CHANNEL BAND	
Live Events Events Tools	CLIENT USERNAME jibran		NETWORK VLAN 1	VLAN DERIVATION SSID	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND TO4 (80 MHz) 5 GHz	
Ω Live Events Ω Events & Tools	CLIENT USERNAME jBoran HOSTNAME WhI1-TestPC-01	CUENT TYPE Wireless	NETWORK VLAN 1 AP ROLE employee	VLAN DERIVATION SSID AF DERIVATION RADIUS	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND 104(80 MHz) 5 GHz CLIENT CAPABILITIES 802.114c, 802.114	
1 Live Events 2 Events 3 Tools	CLIENT LISERNAME jibran HOSTNAME Wini 1-TestPC-01 IP ADDRESS	CLIENT THRE Wirdless MAC ADDRESS	NETWORK VLAN 1 AP ROLE employee GATEWAY ROLE	VLAN DEFINATION SSID AP DEFINATION FADIDS SWITCH ROLE	CONNECTION EAND CHANNEL EAND 104 (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLENT CAPABUTIES 802.119x B02.119x, 602.119x CLENT MAX SPEED	
1 Live Events D Events Tools	CLIENT USERNAME jibran HIGSTRAME Win11-TestPC-01 IP ADDR555 10.0.0.188	CLIENT THRE Wireless MAC ADDRESS 00:20:36:fc:b0:70	NETWORK VLAN 1 AP ROLE employee CATEWAY ROLE	VLAN DEBIVATION SSID AF DEBIVATION FADIUS SWITCH ROLE	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND 104 (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLENT CAPASUTIES 802.11ac, 802.11y CLENT MAX SPEED -	
) Live Events) Events & Tools	CLIENT USERNAME jibran HIOSTNAME Win11-TextPC-01 IP ADDR555 10.0.0.188 GLOBAL UNICAST IP/6 ADDR55	CUENT THRE Wireless Mac ADDRESS 00:20:66:fe:b0:70 UNK LDCA: PV6 ADDRESS fe80::093:346:299	NETWORK VLAN 1 APP ROLE Employee CATEWARY ROLE SEGMENTATION 	VLAN DEBIVATION SSID AF DEBIVATION FADIUS SWITCH ROLE	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND 101 (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLENT CAPABUTES 802.11a; 802.11y CLENT MAX SPEED - - - LEDs on ACCESS POINT(AP-755) 0 00 Blink LEDs	
) Live Events) Events & Tools	CLIENT USERNAME Jibran HIGSTWAME Win11-TestPC-01 IP ADDR45S 10.0.188 GLOBAL UNICAST IP/6 ADDR555 *	CLIENT TYPE Wireless Mac Address 00:20:66fcb0:70 LINK LDCAL PV6 ADDRESS fe80:8933:234C4299	NETWORK VLAN 1 APPROLE employee CATEVMAY RCLE 	VIEAN DERIVATION SSID AF DERIVATION FADIUS SWITCH ROLE	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND 104 (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLENT CAPABUTIES 802.11a (.802.11v CLENT MAX SPEED	
) Live Events) Events & Tools	CLIENT USERNAME Jøran HOSTNAME WINI -TestPC-01 IP ADDR455 10.0.188 GLODAL UNICAST IPV6 ADDR55 = CLIENT CATEGORY.	CLIENT THRE Wireless Mac ADDRESS 00:20:66:fcb0:70 UNK LDCA: PV5 ADDRESS fe80:8933:c3ace299 CLIENT FAMILY	NETWORK VLAN 1 AP ROLE employee GATEWAY ROLE 	VIAN DERIVATION SSID AF DERIVATION EADLUS SWITCH ROLE	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND DB (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLENT CAPABILITIES 802.11 ac, 802.11 v CLENT MAX SPED	
û Live Events Q. Events & Tools	CLENT USERNAME jibran HIOSTNAME WINIT HEARPCOT IP ADDRESS 10.00.188 GLOBAL UNICAST IPV6 ADDRESS CLENT CATEGDRY Access Points	CLIENT TYPE Wreless Mac ADDRESS 60:20:36:fc:b0:70 LINK LDCAL: PVS ADDRESS fc80:8933:C3aCe299 CLIENT FAMELY Proxim	NETWORK VLAN 1 AP ROLE employee GATEWRY ROLE SEGMENTATION AUTH SERVER 10.0.71 TUNNELED	VLAN DERIVATION SSID AP DERIVATION RADIUS SWITCH ROLE 	CONNECTION CHANNEL EAND 104 (40 MHz) 5 GHz CLIENT CAPABUTIES 802.11ac, 802.11v CLIENT MAX SPEED	

BYOD user connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID

Following series of screenshots (from ClearPass and Aruba Central) captures details of a user connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID using their personal device that has already been onboarded and how ClearPass policy authenticates the user against on-prem AD and assigns the appropriate user role based on the parameters "computed" from user's RADIUS request. In this example, user has been assigned user role "byod":

Request Details

Summary Input C	Dutput			
Login Status:	ACCEPT			
Session Identifier:	R00000281-01-682ef8cc			
Date and Time:	May 22, 2025 20:13:32 AEST			
End-Host Identifier:	42-C6-B8-70-60-A9 Open in Centra			
End-Host Profile:				
End-Host Status:	Unknown Mark as Know			
Username:	jibran@arubademo.online			
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.0.105			
Access Device Name:	10.0.105 (CWNE-AP / Aruba)			
System Posture Status:	UNKNOWN (100)			
	Policies Used -			
Service:	CWNE-Dot1X			
Authentication Method:	AP-TLS			
Authentication Source:	AD:labserver.arubademo.online			
Authorization Source:	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [Onboard Devices Repository], labserver.arubademo.online			
Tips Role:	[User Authenticated]			
Enforcement Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - byod			
Service Monitor Mode:	Disabled			

ADIUS Request		•
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-Group	CWNE-Lab	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-MAC-Address	988f00c1f40c	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-MAC-Address	42c6b87060a9	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name	CWNE-Dot1X	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id	AP-755	
Radius:IETF:Called-Station-Id	98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C	
Radius:IETF:Calling-Station-Id	42-C6-B8-70-60-A9	
Radius:IETF:Framed-MTU	1100	
Radius:IETF:Location-Capable	9	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Identifier	10.0.0.105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Address	10.0.0.105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port	0	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-Type	19	
Radius:IETF:Service-Type	2	
Radius:IETF:User-Name	jibran@arubademo.online	
		0

Summary Input Output	
omputed Attributes	
Authentication:ErrorCode	0
Authentication:Full-Username	jibran@arubademo.online
Authentication: MacAuth	NotApplicable
Authentication:NetBIOS-Name	ARUBADEMO
Authentication:OuterMethod	EAP-TLS
Authentication:Posture	Unknown
Authentication:Source	labserver.arubademo.online
Authentication:Status	User
Authentication:TLS-Version	1.2
Authentication:Username	jibran
Authorization: Sources	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [C
Certificate:Extended-Key-Usage	TLS Web Client Authentication
Certificate:Issuer-C	AU
Certificate:Issuer-CN	ClearPass Onboard Local Certificate Authority (Signir
Certificate:Issuer-DN	emailAddress=CA@arubademo.online,CN=ClearPass
Certificate:Issuer-emailAddress	CA@arubademo.online
Certificate:Issuer-L	Melbourne
Certificate:Issuer-O	HPE Aruba Networking

equest Detai	ils		
Summary	Input	Output	
Enforcement	Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - byod	
System Postu	ure Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
Audit Posture	Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
RADIUS Res	ponse		۲
Radius:Aru	ba:Aruba-U	ser-Role byod	



Contractor connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID:

Following series of screenshots (from ClearPass and Aruba Central) captures details of a contractor connecting to CWNE-Dot1X SSID and how ClearPass policy authenticates the user against ClearPass local user repository and assigns the appropriate user role based on the parameters "computed" from user's RADIUS request. In this example, user has been assigned user role "contractor":

Request Details

Login Status:	ACCEPT				
Session Identifier:	R0000028e-01-682efaea				
Date and Time:	May 22, 2025 20:22:34 AEST				
End-Host Identifier:	A6-08-65-FE-5C-4F	Open in Central			
End-Host Profile:					
End-Host Status:	Unknown	Mark as Known			
Username:	contractor				
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.105				
Access Device Name:	10.0.0.105 (CWNE-AP / Aruba)	10.0.105 (CWNE-AP / Aruba)			
System Posture Status:	UNKNOWN (100)				
	Policies Used -				
Service:	CWNE-Dot1X				
Authentication Method:	EAP-PEAP				
Authentication Source:	Local:localhost				
Authorization Source:	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [Onboard Devices Repository], labserver.arubademo.online				
Tips Role:	[Contractor], [User Authenticated]	[Contractor], [User Authenticated]			
Enforcement Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - contra	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - contractor			
	Disabled				

8

ADIUS Request		\odot
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-Group	CWNE-Lab	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-MAC-Address	988f00c1f40c	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-MAC-Address	a60865fe5c4f	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name	CWNE-Dot1X	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id	AP-755	
Radius:IETF:Called-Station-Id	98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C	
Radius:IETF:Calling-Station-Id	A6-08-65-FE-5C-4F	
Radius:IETF:Framed-MTU	1100	
Radius:IETF:Location-Capable	9	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Identifier	10.0.0.105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Address	10.0.0.105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port	0	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-Type	19	
Radius:IETF:Service-Type	2	
Radius:IETF:User-Name	contractor	
		۲

omputed Attributes		0
Authentication:ErrorCode	0	
Authentication:Full-Username	contractor	
Authentication:Full-Username-Normalized	contractor	
Authentication: MacAuth	NotApplicable	
Authentication:OuterMethod	EAP-PEAP	
Authentication:Posture	Unknown	
Authentication:Source	[Local User Repository]	
Authentication: Status	User	
Authentication:TLS-Version	1.2	
Authentication: Username	contractor	
Authorization:Sources	[Local User Repository], [Guest User Repository], [Onboard Devices Repository], labserver.arubademo.online	
Connection:AP-Name	AP-755	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address	A6-08-65-FE-5C-4F	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-Colon	a6:08:65:fe:5c:4f	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-Dot	a608.65fe.5c4f	
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-Hyphen	a6-08-65-fe-5c-4f	
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-NoDelim	a60865fe5c4f	

Request Detai	ls		
Summary	Input	Output	
Enforcement	Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Aruba User Role - contractor	
System Postu	ire Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
Audit Posture	Status:	UNKNOWN (100)	
RADIUS Res	ponse		۲
Radius:Aru	ba:Aruba-l	ser-Role contractor	

8



To summarize, we have used the same SSID to allow corporate users to connect to the network using their corporate devices, allow corporate users to connect their personal devices to the network and allow contractors to the network. Important to note that while they are all connecting to the same SSID, they have been assigned different user roles and have different level of network/resources access based on their roles.

SSID 2 - CWNE-Guest

CWNE-Guest SSID has been configured to serve following functions:

- Connect guest users to the Wi-Fi network
- Enable BYOD users to onboard their personal devices

A user connected to the guest Wi-Fi network is redirected to the captive portal page that provides them following options:

- Register a new guest account or log In using existing guest credential
- Onboard a new personal device (BYOD)
- Register a new device mac address and create a unique pre-shared key for that device to connect to the MPSK SSID



Guest user connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID

In order to avoid guest users being redirected to captive portal every time they authenticate to the network, MAC caching has been enabled. As part of the initial captive portal authentication, ClearPass will cache the mac address of the client and will automatically assign them network access with guest role for the subsequent authentication requests until their mac cache is valid. A user connecting to the guest network for the first time will see a mac authentication failure log on ClearPass as their MAC address will not be cached at that time:

REJECT

RADIUS

2025/05/26 17:02:25

After initial MAC auth failure, user will be redirected to the captive portal page. The guest user registering for a new account will enter their details (name and email address in this case but these fields are customizable and can be changed based on the requirements).

Following series of screenshots (from ClearPass and Aruba Central) captures details of a guest user connecting to CWNE-guest SSID and how ClearPass policy allows the user to register for a new account and log in to the guest Wi-Fi network:







tequest Details				
Summary	Input	tput Accounting		
Login Status	:	ACCEPT		
Session Iden	tifier:	R00000300-01-6834213c		
Date and Tim	ne:	May 26, 2025 18:07:24 AEST		
End-Host Ide	entifier:	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70	Open in Central	
End-Host Pro	file:	.		
End-Host Sta	itus:	Unknown	Mark as Known	
Username:		Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com		
Access Devic	e IP (Port):	10.0.0.105		
Access Devic	e Name:	WNE-AP (CWNE-AP / Aruba)		
System Post	ure Status:	UNKNOWN (100)		
		Policies Used -		
Service:		Guest User Authentication with MAC Caching		
Authenticatio	on Method:	\P		
Authenticatio	on Source:	Local:localhost		
Authorizatior	1 Source:	[Guest User Repository], [Endpoints Repository], [Time Source]		
Tips Role:		[Guest], [User Authenticated]		
Enforcement	Profiles:	Guest MAC Caching Bandwidth Limit, Guest MAC Caching Session Limit, Guest Guest MAC Caching, Guest MAC Caching Do Expire, Guest MAC Caching Expire Post Login, Update Endpoint Location, Guest MAC Caching Session Timeout, Guest Guest Profile		
Service Moni	tor Mode:	Disabled		
🛾 🖌 Showing	2 of 1-20 re	rds ► ►I Change Status Show Configuration Export	Show Logs Close	

Summary Input Output Accounting		
computed Attributes		۲
Authentication:ErrorCode	0	
Authentication:Full-Username	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com	
Authentication:Full-Username-Normalized	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com	
Authentication: MacAuth	NotApplicable	
Authentication: Outer Method	PAP	
Authentication:Posture	Unknown	
Authentication:Source	[Guest User Repository]	
Authentication: Status	User	
Authentication:Username	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com	
Authorization:Sources	[Guest User Repository], [Endpoints Repository], [Time Source]	
Connection:AP-Name	AP-755	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70	
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-Colon	00:20:a6:fc:b0:70	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-Dot	0020.a6fc.b070	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-Hyphen	00-20-a6-fc-b0-70	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-NoDelim	0020a6fcb070	
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-Upper-Hyphen	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70	

Following screenshots show how mac authentication for subsequent requests allows users to connect the network without going through the captive portal and can get network access while mac address cache is valid:

R	e	ıu	es	t	D	e	ta	1	Is

Login Status:	ACCEPT		
Session Identifier:	R00000303-01-68342a93		
Date and Time:	May 26, 2025 18:47:15 AEST		
End-Host Identifier:	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70 Open in Centra		
End-Host Profile:			
End-Host Status:	Unknown Mark as Known		
Username:	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com		
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.105		
Access Device Name:	CWNE-AP (CWNE-AP / Aruba)		
System Posture Status:	UNKNOWN (100)		
	Policies Used -		
Service:	Suest MAC Authentication		
Authentication Method:	MAC-AUTH		
Authentication Source:	None		
Authorization Source:	[Guest User Repository], [Endpoints Repository], [Time Source]		
Tips Role:	[Guest], [MAC Caching], [User Authenticated]		
Enforcement Profiles:	[Allow Access Profile], Guest Guest Device Profile		
Service Monitor Mode:	Disabled		
Online Status:	Online		

0

Summary Input	Output	Accountin	ng
Jsername:	Jibran.Az	ziz@hotmai	il.com
End-Host Identifier:	00-20-A	5-FC-B0-70)
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.0.1	05	
Access Device Name:	CWNE-A	P (CWNE-A	P / Aruba)
RADIUS Request			0
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-A	P-Group		CWNE-Lab
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-A	P-MAC-Ad	dress	988f00c1f40c
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-MAC-Address		C-Address	0020a6fcb070
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name			CWNE-Guest
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id			AP-755
Radius:IETF:Called-Station-Id			98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C
Radius:IETF:Calling-Station-Id			00-20-A6-FC-B0-70
Radius:IETF:Location-	Capable		9
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-A	ddress		10.0.0105
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port			0
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-	Туре		19
Radius:IETF:Service-T	уре		10
Radius:IETF:User-Nam	ie		0020a6fcb070

Summary Input Output Accounting	
Connection:Client-Mac-Address-NoDelim	0020a6fcb070
Connection: Client-Mac-Address-Upper-Hyphen	00-20-A6-FC-B0-70
Connection: Client-Mac-Vendor	Proxim Wireless
Connection:Dest-IP-Address	10.0.0.71
Connection:Dest-Port	1812
Connection:NAD-IP-Address	10.0.105
Connection: Protocol	RADIUS
Connection:Src-IP-Address	10.0.0.105
Connection:Src-Port	57426
Connection:SSID	CWNE-Guest
Date:Date-Time	2025-05-26 18:47:15
Endpoint:Device Name	Windows 10
Endpoint: Device Type	Windows
Endpoint: Expanded Device Type	Windows
Endpoint:Guest Role ID	2
Endpoint:Location	CWNE-Lab
Endpoint:MAC-Auth Expiry	2025-05-27 18:00:00
Endpoint:Owner	jibran
Endpoint:Username	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com

Summary	Input	Output	Accounting	
Enforcement P	Profiles:	[Allow A	ccess Profile], Guest Guest Device Profile	
System Postur	e Status:	UNKNOV	/N (100)	
Audit Posture	Status:	UNKNOV	/N (100)	
RADIUS Resp	onse			C
Radius:Arub	a:Aruba-U	ser-Role	guest	
Radius:IETF:	:User-Nam	ne	Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com	

8

Summary	Input	Output	Accounting	
nforcement	Profiles:	Guest MA Caching, Endpoint	C Caching Bandwidth Limit, Guest MAC Caching S Guest MAC Caching Do Expire, Guest MAC Caching Location, Guest MAC Caching Session Timeout, Gu	ession Limit, Guest Guest MAC g Expire Post Login, Update uest Guest Profile
ystem Postu	ure Status:	UNKNOW	N (100)	
Audit Posture	e Status:	UNKNOWN (100)		
RADIUS Res	ponse			O
Bandwidth-	-Check:Allo	wed-Limit	0	
Bandwidth-	-Check:Che	ck-Type	Today	
Bandwidth-	-Check:Lim	it-Units	MB	
Endpoint:G	iuest Role I	D	2	
Endpoint:L	ocation		CWNE-Lab	
Endpoint:M	AC-Auth Ex	kpiry	2025-05-27 18:00:00	
Endpoint:U	lsername		Jibran.Aziz@hotmail.com	
Expire-Time	e-Update:G	uestUser	0	
Expiry-Che	ck:Expiry-A	ction	1	
Post-Auth-0	Check:Actic	n	Disconnect	
Post-Auth-0	Check:Actic	n	Disconnect and Block Access	
Radius:Aru	ba:Aruba-U	lser-Role	guest	
Radius:IET	F:Session-T	imeout	86396	

BYOD user connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID to onboard their device:

For corporate users trying to onboard their personal devices, they'll connect to the guest SSID and will be redirected to the captive portal page and click the BYOD registration link to onboard their device. After authenticating using their AD credentials, users will download the onboard client that will take them through the onboarding process.

Following screenshots captures onboarding process for a user onboarding their personal devices. The actual user authentication connecting to CWNP-802.1X SSID post onboarding has been captured in the previous screenshots.



HPE aruba networking	Onboard Wizard
Welcome	
Configure	This program will configure your system for secure
Connect	continue.
Summary	
Licensed to: Arubademo	Next
	Onboard Wizard
HPE PRIVACY STATEME	Onboard Wizard
HPE PRIVACY STATEME	Onboard Wizard Configuring Your System
HPE PRIVACY STATEME	Onboard Wizard Configuring Your System QuickConnect is configuring your system
HPE PRIVACY STATEME earPass QuickConnect HPE arvbo Nelcome Configure Connect Summary	Onboard Wizard Configuring Your System QuickConnect is configuring your system
HPE PRIVACY STATEME earPass QuickConnect HPE networking Welcome Configure Connect Summary	Onboard Wizard Configuring Your System QuickConnect is configuring your system





Network admin connecting to CWNE-Guest SSID to create unique PSK for a specific device:

For corporate users trying to onboard their personal devices, they'll connect to the guest SSID and will be redirected to the captive portal page and click the BYOD registration link to onboard their device. After authenticating using their AD credentials, users will download the onboard client that will take them through the onboarding process.

Following screenshots captures onboarding process for a user onboarding their personal devices. The actual user authentication connecting to CWNP-802.1X SSID post onboarding has been captured in the previous screenshots.





To summarize, CWNE-Guest SSID is not only allowing Guest users to connect to the network, it is also allowing corporate users to onboard their personal devices as well as allowing administrators/authorized corporate users to register their devices for a unique pre-shared key and connect to the MPSK enabled SSID.

SSID 3 - CWNE-MPSK

The third SSID has been configured to allow personal headless and IoT devices (that does not support 802.1X or captive portal authentication) to connect to the network using pre-shared key. The problem with traditional pre-shared key (PSK) based SSID is that all devices share the same pre-shared key and does not provide granular control for each client connected using the same pre-shared key. Using Multi-Pre-Shared Key (MPSK) allows multiple unique pre-shared keys to be used under a single SSID. This allows different devices connecting to the same SSID to be assigned different user roles or access levels.

Multi Pre-Shared Key (MPSK) Operation



Device 1 connecting to CWNE-MPSK SSID:

Following snippets shows a device assigned iot role while connecting to the CWNE-MPSK SSID. The device has connected to the network using its own preshared key that was generated via ClearPass portal by accessing the MPSK device registration portal while connected to the CWNE-Guest network.



Request Details

sername:	admin		
nd-Host Identifier:	9E-DD-B3-9A-A0-5	52	
ccess Device IP (Port):	10.0.0.105		
ccess Device Name:	CWNE-AP (CWNE-AP / Aruba)		
RADIUS Request			•
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Al	P-Group	CWNE-Lab	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Al	P-MAC-Address	988f00c1f40c	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-D	evice-MAC-Address	9eddb39aa052	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name		CWNE-MPSK	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id		AP-755	
Radius:IETF:Called-Station-Id		98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C	
Radius:IETF:Calling-St	ation-Id	9E-DD-B3-9A-A0-52	
Radius:IETF:Location-C	Capable	9	
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Ad	ldress	10.0.0105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port		0	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-	Туре	19	
Radius:IETF:Service-Ty	pe	10	
Radius:IETF:User-Nam	e	9eddb39aa052	

88

0

Radius:1ETF:Calling-Station-10	9E-DD-B3-9A-A0-52		
Radius:IETF:Location-Capable	9		
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Address	10.0.0.105		
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port	0		
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-Type	19		
Radius:IETF:Service-Type	10		
Radius:IETF:User-Name	9eddb39aa052		
uthorization Attributes			۲
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository	/]:AccountStatus	0	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:Device Account Active	true	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:Device Account Enabled	true	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:Device Account Expired	false	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:Device MPSK	*****	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:Device Role ID	5	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:RemainingExpiration	31535721	
Authorization: [Guest Device Repository]:SponsorName	admin	
Computed Attributes			٢

Request Details

Summary Input 0	utput Accounting		
Enforcement Profiles: [F	Registered Device MPSK], [Return Device Sponsor Name - RADIUS User-Name], Aruba Iser Role - iot		
System Posture Status: U	INKNOWN (100)		
Audit Posture Status: U	UNKNOWN (100)		
RADIUS Response	•		
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-MPS	SK-Passphrase ********		
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Use	er-Role iot		
	a durity		

.

Device 2 connecting to CWNE-MPSK SSID:

Following screenshots show a device assigned printer role while connecting to the CWNE-MPSK SSID. The device has connected to the network using its own pre-shared key that was generated via ClearPass portal by accessing the MPSK device registration portal while connected to the CWNE-Guest network.

HPE aruba Central	Q Sea	rch for failed dients, network der	vices, connectivity issues, do	cumentation and more	New Central 🌑 🛛 🗘 🔞
Customer: Jibran					4
∈ 🗔 admin 🛛 🤤	CLIENT DETAILS	c			Actions 👻 🚺 🖷 Ga Live
Manage	DATA PATH				
88 Overview		CLENT	SSID		SWITCH
Applications					10/1
Security		admin CONNECTED	CWNE-MPSK UP	AP-755 UP	ibran-Lab-5200 UP
Analyze					
ů Live Events	CLIENT		NETWORK		CONNECTION
	UNEDWARF		VLAN	VLAN DERIVATION	CHANNEL BAND
û Events	admin		1	SSID	10B (80 MHz) 5 GHz
្ភ Events & Tools	admin HOSTNAME 36:a3:aa:54:34:67	CLIENT TYPE Wireless	1 AF ROLE printer	SSID AP DERIVATION RADIUS	108 (80 MHz) 5 GHz CLIENT CAPABILITIE5 802 11ax, 802,11v
) Events & Tools	admin HOSTNAME 36:a3:aa:54:34:67 IP ADDRESS 10.0.0.245	CLIENT TYPE Wireless MAC ADDRESS 36:a3:aa;64:34:57	1 AF ROLE printer GATEWAY ROLE	SSID AP DERIVATION RADIUS SWITCH ROLE	108 (89 MH2) 5 GH2 CLIENT CAPABILITIE5 802 11ax 802.11v CLIENT MAX SPEED
L Events	admin HOSTNAME 36:33:33:54:34:67 IP ADDRESS 10.0.0:245 GLOBAL UNICAST IPV0 ADDRESS	CLIENT TYPE Wireless MAC ADDRESS 36:03:00:64:34:67 UMK LOCAL IPV6 ADDRESS F80: 80:03:683:45141	1 AP ROLE printer GATEWAY ROLE	SSID AP DERIMATION RADIUS SWITCH ROLE -	108(80 MH2) 5 CH2 CLERT CAPABILITIES 802 11 ax, 802 11 V CLENT MAX SPEED - - LEDS on ACCESS POINT (AP-755) 0 0 Bink LEDS
Events , Tools	admin HOSTNAME 36:33:a354:34.67 IPADDRESS 10.0.0.245 GLOBAL UNICAST IPV0 ADDRESS CLIENT CATEGORY	CLIENT TYPE Wireless Mac ADDRESS 36:a3:aa:64:34:67 LIRK LOCAL IPV6 ADDRESS re80: 80:d 3C8:x35/8: CLIENT FAMILY	1 AF ROLE printer GATEWAY ROLE - SEGMENTATION - AUTH SERVER 10.0.0.71	SSID AP DERIVATION RADIUS SWITCH ROLE - DHCP SERVER -	108 (89 MH2) 5 GH2 CLIENT CAPABILITIES 802.11ax, 802.11v CLIENT MAX SPEED - LEDs on ACCESS POINT (AP-755) 0 C 0 Blink LEDs
⊋ Events & Tools	admin HOSTNAME 36:33:a3:43:467 IPADDRES 10.0.0.245 GLOBAL UNICAST IPVO ADDRESS CLIENT CATEGORY SmartDevice CLIENT DS Apple105 Device	CLIENT TYPE Wireless MAC ADDRESS 36 a3:aa:64:34:67 LIIIK LOCAL IPV6 ADDRESS re80: 80d:36:88:d5:48 CLIENT FAMILY Apple CONVECTED SINCE May 26: 2025, 21:58:24	1 AF ROLE printer GATEWAY ROLE - SEGMENTATION - AUTH SERVER 10.0.071 TUNNELED	SSID AP DERIVATION RADIUS SWITCH ROLE - DHCP SERVER - TURNELED ID -	108 (89 MHz) 5 GHz CLIENT CAPABILITIES 802 T1ax, 802 T1V CLIENT MAX SPEED - LEDs on ACCESS POINT (AP-755) O G O Blink LEDs

Summary Input	Output		
Jsername:	admin		
End-Host Identifier:	36-A3-AA-64-34-6	7	
Access Device IP (Port):	10.0.0.105		
Access Device Name:	CWNE-AP (CWNE-A	AP / Aruba)	
RADIUS Request		G	0
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-A	P-Group	CWNE-Lab	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-AP-MAC-Address		988f00c1f40c	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Device-MAC-Address		36a3aa643467	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Essid-Name		CWNE-MPSK	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Location-Id		AP-755	
Radius:IETF:Called-Sta	ation-Id	98-8F-00-C1-F4-0C	
Radius:IETF:Calling-St	ation-Id	36-A3-AA-64-34-67	
Radius:IETF:Location-0	Capable	9	
Radius:IETF:NAS-IP-Ad	ddress	10.0.105	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port		0	
Radius:IETF:NAS-Port-	Туре	19	
Radius:IETF:Service-Ty	vpe	10	
Radius:IETF:User-Nam	e	36a3aa643467	

adius:1ETF:Calling-Station-1d	36-A3-AA-64-34-67		
adius:IETF:Location-Capable	9		
adius:IETF:NAS-IP-Address	10.0.105		
adius:IETF:NAS-Port	0		
adius:IETF:NAS-Port-Type	19		
adius:IETF:Service-Type	10		
adius:IETF:User-Name	36a3aa643467		
uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit	tory]:AccountStatus	0	
uthorization: [Guest Device Reposit	tory]:AccountStatus	0	
uthorization: [Guest Device Reposit	tory]:Device Account Active	true	
uthorization: [Guest Device Reposit	tory]:Device Account Enabled	true	
uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit	tory]:Device Account Expired	false	
uthorization: [Cuert Device Repeat	tory]:Device MPSK	****	
autionzation:[Guest Device Reposit			
uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit	tory]:Device Role ID	6	
uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit uthorization:[Guest Device Reposit	tory]:Device Role ID tory]:RemainingExpiration	31535781	

Request Details		
Summary Input O	atput	
Enforcement Profiles: [I U	egistered Device MPSK], [Return Device Sponsor Name - RADIUS User-Name], Aruba ser Role - printer	
System Posture Status: U	VKNOWN (100)	
Audit Posture Status: U	VKNOWN (100)	
RADIUS Response	0	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-MPS	K-Passphrase *******	
Radius:Aruba:Aruba-Use	r-Role printer	
Radius:IETF:User-Name	admin	

To summarize, CWNE-MPSK SSID is allowing different headless and IoT devices to connect to the network using their own pre-shared key and are being assigned different user roles based on the policies configured. This allows more granular control on each device that is not possible using the traditional PSK SSIDs.

As we have seen throughout this document, effective use of NAC has helped consolidating the number of SSIDs that are required to cover typical use-cases of a typical enterprise environment without compromising the end user experience. This will result in better airtime utilization and better network performance and RF resources utilization.

References

Figure 2

SSIDs Requirement for a Typical Enterprise – AI generated image based on input to convert the provided text in to photo

Figure 3

Proposed SSIDs Consolidation- AI generated image based on input to convert the provided text in to photo

Figure 4 802.1x Authentication Roles - <u>CloudRadius</u> - <u>https://www.cloudradius.com/the-</u> <u>stages-of-802-1x-authentication/</u>

Figure 5 MPSK SSID in operation - AI generated image based on input provided